

# **KCAM 4**

# **CNC CONTROL SOFTWARE**

## **USER MANUAL**

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## Introduction

Thank you for choosing KCam. KCam is designed to make your CNC experience simple and enjoyable. A wide variety of features are available to perform functions typically only found in more expensive CNC packages. Typical CNC applications for KCam include Routing, Signage, 3D Milling, PCB Milling and Drilling, and Plasma Cutting. KCam is designed to read files created by your design applications and control the CNC equipment attached to your PC Printer port.

### Features

- File formats supported: GCode, DXF, HPGL, Excellon, Gerber
- Parallel Port motor controller access
- Serial Port motor controller access( MaxStepper hardware only)
- 2D and 3D graphical plots of data
- Gcode data entry
- Gcode data conversions
- Gcode macro sub programs
- Manual jogging controls
- Keyboard jogging controls
- Manual gcode input
- Estimated CNC processing calculation
- Tool position status indicators
- Dual cutting depths for sign engraving
- Multiple motor enabling options
- PCB Isolation Plots from Gerber(RS274X)

## Quick Start with KCam

There are 3 steps to setting up your CNC table for use with KCam. Step 1 includes entering in your machine axis parameters in the Table Setup window. Step 2 includes entering your communication port information in the Port Setup window. Step 3 is determining the timing parameters using the System Timing window.

### Step 1 **Table Setup** window

- Select the Units of Measurement you use (Metric or Imperial).
- Select the Numerical Format (ex. 000.0000).
- Enter the Steps per in for each Axis (ex 4000 IPM).
- Enter the Lengths for each Axis (ex. 10 Inches).
- Enter the Backlash distance(ex. .0125 Inches) for each axis(optional).
- Enter the Feed Rates. (Traveling, Cutting and Jogging).
- Enter a Travel Depth for the Z Axis(ex. 0.50 for 2D DXF and HPGL importing).
- Enter a Normal Cut Depth for the Z Axis(ex. 0.125 for 2D DXF and HPGL importing).
- Enter a Deep Cut Depth for the Z Axis(ex. 0.00 for 2D DXF and HPGL importing).
- Select Backlash to True if the Backlash distances are known(optional).
- Select Ramping to True if you wish Ramp Up/Down function to occur.
- Enter a Ramp Start IPM (5 recommended).
- Select a Ramp Rate (50 recommended).
- Enter the Maximum Feed Rates for each axis.
- Select the OK button.

### Step 2 **Port Setup** window

- Select the Port I/O Controls Tab.
- Select Port Type (LPT or Serial Port) depending on your controller type.
- Select Parallel Port I/O Dll (InpOut32 or DIPort) depending on your Operating System.
- Select the Apply button.
- Select the LPT Setup Tab.
- Select the Pin Setup option.
- Select the Pin Address(typically &H378 for LPT 1).
- Enter the Output Pins associated with your motor controller step functions.
- Invert each Pin as necessary to acquire the desired normal state when not moving an axis.
- Enter the Input Pins associated with your limit switches.
- Invert each Pin as necessary to acquire the desired normal state when Limit/E-Stop switches are not engaged.
- Select the OK button.

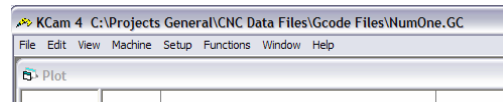
### Step 3 **System Timing** window

- Select the Start Button.
- Wait until the timing is complete and select OK.

Open the CNC Controls window and select the Manual tab. You can test the motors by using the Jog Arrow buttons.

## Pull down Menus

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## ***File***

### **Open Gcode File**

Opens an ASCII file which contain G and M codes. A browsing window will appear to enter the file name and location.

### **Save Gcode File**

Saves the current GCode data in the editor window to an ascii file. A browsing window will appear to enter the file name and location.

## Import

### Import DXF file

Imports a DXF ascii file using the R12 format from AutoCad. A browsing window will appear to enter the file name and location. See Supported DXF Formats for further DXF import information

### Import HPGL

Imports a HPGL ASCII file. A HPGL ascii file contains 2D plotting data. A browsing window will appear to enter the file name and location.

### Import Excellon

Imports an Excellon ascii drill file. Excellon ascii drill files contain data for drilling holes in printed circuit boards. Excellon ascii files contain drill hole location and bit sizes. A browsing window will appear to enter the file name and location. Some programs do not add the Drill Size header. If your files are missing the header, check for options to add it in your CAD software. Below is a sample file with the header and drill position coordinates:

```
M48
INCH,LZ
T01F00S00C0.125 [drill size header for tool 1, bit size=.125]
T02F00S00C0.028 [drill size header for tool 2, bit size=.028]
T03F00S00C0.035 [drill size header for tool 3, bit size=.035]
T04F00S00C0.042 [drill size header for tool 4, bit size=.042]
%
G90
T01 [select drill size 1(.125)]
X+03851Y+04226 [move to coordinate X,Y and drill]
X+03851Y+01163 [move to coordinate X,Y and drill]
T02 [select drill size 2(.028)]
X+02456Y+03415 [move to coordinate X,Y and drill]
X+02556Y+03415 [move to coordinate X,Y and drill]
T03 [select drill size 3(.035)]
X+03469Y+02238 [move to coordinate X,Y and drill]
X+03569Y+02238 [move to coordinate X,Y and drill]
T04 [select drill size 4(.042)]
X+03171Y+01538 [move to coordinate X,Y and drill]
X+03371Y+01538 [move to coordinate X,Y and drill]
T00
M30
```

### Import Gerber

Imports a Gerber ASCII file. An Isolation Plot will be created if the Isolation option is Checked in Options(Gerber Tab). A Gerber ASCII file contains 2D plotting data. A browsing window will appear to enter the file name and location. If the file contains more than one layer, a layer selection window will appear. In that window you can select which layers you want to import.

See Gerber Options

Note: The Gerber Import function only works with Gerber(RS274X) single layer files. A Gerber(RS274X) file has the aperture list in the file included with the line data. If a file is

imported without a correct aperture list the resultant gcode data will not be correct.

Note: For trial purposes the Gerber entities will be limited to 100. Please send us comments and suggestions pertaining to the isolation import process.

**Known Issues with Isolation Imports:**

- 1) Speed, the isolation import function is slow. The number of calculations are exponential with polygon count.
- 2) When a corner or side of a polygon is inside two or more other polygons, extra cut lines are produced.
- 3) When two intersecting lines have the same slope, extra cutting lines are produced.

## **Export**

### **Export DXF file**

Exports a DXF ASCII file from the data in the GCode editor. The exported DXF file format will be AutoCAD R12. A browsing window will appear to enter the file name and location. See Supported DXF Formats for further DXF Export information

### **Export HPGL file**

Exports a HPGL ASCII file from the data in the GCode editor. A browsing window will appear to enter the file name and location.

### **Recent File List**

The Recent File List is located in the File pull down menu. Files which have been opened before can be quickly accessed by selecting them in the Recent File List.

## **Print**

Prints the current window.

Note: Currently only the Plot and Gcode windows are supported.

## **Exit**

Exits KCam.

## ***EDIT***

### ***Find***

Finds a text string in the Gcode Editor window.

### ***Replace***

Replaces text strings in the Gcode Editor window.

## ***VIEW***

### **Plot**

This function opens the Plot Window for viewing your gcode graphically. The Plot window has additional buttons for changing the viewpoint of your graphical plot.

## Gcode

This function opens the Gcode Editor window. The Gcode Editor window allows viewing and editing of the gcode data. The text window operates similar to a normal windows text editor. Functions like Cut, Paste, Find and Replace work in the text box.

## CNC Control

This function opens the CNC Control window. The CNC control window allows manual and automatic motion control for your axis along with specific information about motion characteristics.

### CNC CONTROLS WINDOW – MANUAL TAB

#### Arrow buttons

The Arrow buttons will move the Axis when pressed. If the Single Step button is engaged, the moves will continue for a distance equal to the distance box.

#### Single Step button

When the Single Step button is engaged, the Arrow button movements will continue for the distance specified. The distance is specified in the Distance Entry box.

#### Distance Entry combo box

The distance entered in this box is used for Single Step moves. You can use the predetermined numbers or type in your own.

#### Move to Home button

When the Move to Home button is pressed, the CNC tool will move to the Home position for all axis. The Home position is specified in the Table Setup window. If the Home position entry boxes are blank, those axis will not move from their current position.

#### Move to ReTool button

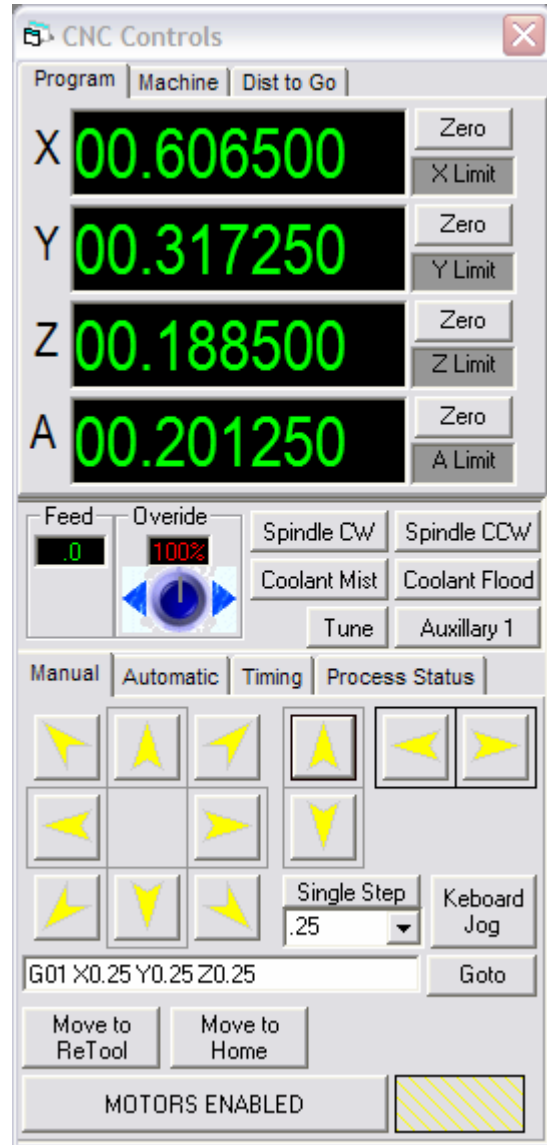
When the Move to ReTool button is pressed, the CNC tool will move to the ReTool position for all axis. The ReTool position is specified in the Table Setup window. If the ReTool position entry boxes are blank, those axis will not move from their current position.

#### Keyboard Jog button

The Keyboard Jog button will open the Keyboard Jog window. When the Keyboard Jog window is open, the arrow keys allow jog movements while those keys are depressed. See the KeyBoard Jog window for more details.

#### Goto button

When the Goto button is pressed, the Gcode data in the Goto Data Entry box will be immediately processed.





**Goto Data Entry box**

The Goto Data Entry box is used for entering Gcode commands to be performed when the Goto button is pressed. Only single line commands are allowed to be entered.

**Feed box**

The Feed Rate box displays the feed rate the motors are moving at. This value is calculated from the timing signals sent out the ports.

**Override box**

The Throttle Override box adjusts the feed rate the motors are moving at in real time. This can be used to slow down cutting feed rates during an operation.

**Auto Tune button**

The Auto tune button performs "on the fly" System Time Constant adjustments for parallel port users. It should only be used when the tool is not cutting material. Make sure it is not engaged while cutting materials or motor positions may be compromised. After use the axis positions should be Zeroed for accuracy.

**Motor Enable button**

The Motor Enable button is a software E-Stop. It will halt all movements immediatly.

**E-Stop Switch**

The E-Stop Switch indicator displays the current status of the external E-Stop input.

## CNC CONTROLS WINDOW – AUTO TAB

### Starting Step

This is the first Gcode line that will be executed when the automatic process is started.

### Ending Step

This is the last Gcode line that will be executed when the automatic process is running.

### CNC Start Process

This buttons starts the automatic CNC process.

### CNC Pause Process

This buttons pauses the automatic CNC process.

### CNC Step Process

This buttons steps the automatic CNC process after a pause.

### CNC Stop Process

This buttons stops and resets the automatic CNC process.

### CNC Process Status Box

This indicates the current CNC process.

### AUTO RETOOL

This buttons pauses the automatic CNC process and moves the axis to the ReTool position.

### Step Status

This displays the current step number to be executed.

### Step Gcode

This displays the current step Gcode to be executed.

### Spindle Status

This displays the current Spindle state.

### Enable TMR

This displays the motor enable timer values.

### Feed Rate box

The Feed Rate box displays the feed rate the motors are moving at. This value is calculated from the timing signals sent out the ports.

### Auto Tune button

The Auto tune button performs "on the fly" System Time Constant adjustments. It should only be used when the tool is not cutting material. Make sure it is not engaged while cutting materials or motor positions may be compromised. After use the axis positions should be Zeroed for accuracy.



### Motor Enable button

The Motor Enable button is a software E-Stop. It will halt all movements immediately.

### E-Stop Switch

The E-Stop Switch indicator displays the current status of the external E-Stop input.

## CNC CONTROLS WINDOW – TIMING TAB

### Get Time Constant button

This function determines the necessary time constant for the current feed rate.

### Time Constant box

This displays the current Time Constant. Clicking on this box allows manual changing of the Time Constant.

### Time Constant +/- buttons

Clicking on these buttons increments or decrements the Time Constant.

### Feed Rate box

The Feed Rate box displays the feed rate the motors are moving at. This value is calculated from the timing signals sent out the ports.

### Auto Tune button

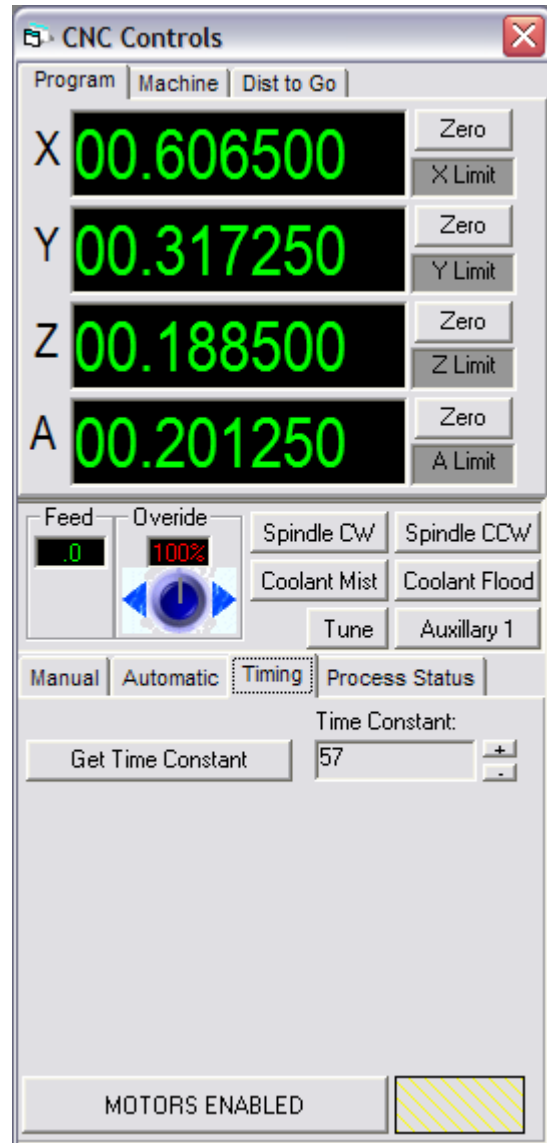
The Auto tune button performs "on the fly" System Time Constant adjustments. It should only be used when the tool is not cutting material. Make sure it is not engaged while cutting materials or motor positions may be compromised. After use the axis positions should be Zeroed for accuracy.

### Motor Enable button

The Motor Enable button is a software E-Stop. It will halt all movements immediately.

### E-Stop Switch

The E-Stop Switch indicator displays the current status of the external E-Stop input.



## CNC CONTROLS WINDOW – PROCESS STATS TAB

### Timer

This displays the current process timer value. The process time value is reset when the CNC Process is started.

### Estimated Material Process Time

This displays the estimated process completion time for the current Gcode. The estimated time is calculated during a plot redraw.

### Feed Rate box

The Feed Rate box displays the feed rate the motors are moving at. This value is calculated from the timing signals sent out the ports.

### Auto Tune button

The Auto tune button performs "on the fly" System Time Constant adjustments. It should only be used when the tool is not cutting material. Make sure it is not engaged while cutting materials or motor positions may be compromised. After use the axis positions should be Zeroed for accuracy.

### Motor Enable button

The Motor Enable button is a software E-Stop. It will halt all movements immediatly.

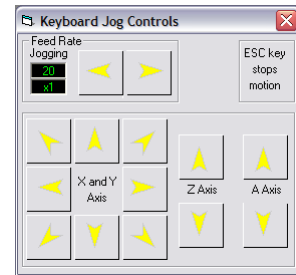
### E-Stop Switch

The E-Stop Switch indicator displays the current status of the external E-Stop input.



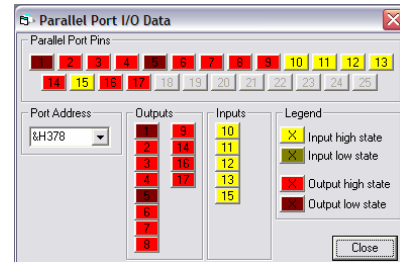
## Keyboard Jog Window

While this window is open, arrow key presses will move the axis. The Axis will only move while the keys are depressed. When the keys are released the axis will stop immediately.



## Parallel I/O Display

This function opens the Parallel I/O Display window. The Parallel I/O Display shows the current logic states of the parallel port pins. This function may be helpful when diagnosing I/O problems.



## Save Form View

This function saves the current Plot, Gcode and CNC Controls window size and positions. When KCam is started again, the forms will be loaded at the save size and position.

## Load Default Form Positions

This function loads the default form size and positions. This may be useful if a form is positioned out of reach after a screen resolution change.

# MACHINE SETUPS

## Create New Machine Setup

This function loads a saved machine setup.

## Machine Setups:

Machine setups are the parameter files for different machines. An unlimited number of Machine setups can be stored and reloaded. All parameter information like Table Setup, Port Setup, Options, and Tool Lists are stored in the machine setup file. An example use would be to store parameters for two different cnc machines. Another use would be to store different parameters for different uses on the same machine, like drilling and routing PCB's.

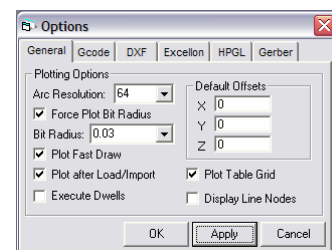
## Setup

## Options

### Options General tab

#### Arc Resolution

The number of individual lines in a 360 degree arc. A higher number yields an arc or circle with a smoother edge but slower plot updates.



### Force Plot Bit Radius

When checked the radius of plot lines will be forced to Bit radius (below) regardless of the Tool size currently selected in the GCode. If unchecked the GCode and the Tool Size setup will determine the plot radius of cutting lines in the Plot window..

### Bit Radius

The width of the default tool bit. This is used in displaying line width on the Plot window. If tool bits are specified in the Tool List window and tool commands are used in Gcode, this default value is not used unless the Force Plot Bit Radius(above) is selected.

### Plot Fast Draw

When checked, the Plot window data is drawn quickly. If Unchecked, the tool path can be viewed more easily as the data is slowly redrawn.

### Plot after Load/Import

When checked, the Plot window data is drawn following a Load, Import, or process function. If Unchecked, the tool path will not be plotted automatically. This setting is useful for very large programs where plotting time can be an issue.

### Execute Dwells

When checked, the Plot window redraw functions will execute dwell commands. This function should be left unchecked except when verifying dwell times for plasma cutting or similar applications.

### Plot Table Grid

When checked, the Plot window will show the CNC table in the form of a grid. When unchecked the Plot window will only show the GCode plot lines. The Z axis display is also effected by this setting.

### Display Line Nodes

When checked, the Plot window data will show small circles at the end of each line. This is designed for diagnostic purposes where adjoining lines must be detected. Normally this should remain unchecked for plot speed purposes.

### Def. X Offset

The default axis offset value used when the Offset Gcode function is performed.

### Def. Y Offset

The default axis offset value used when the Offset Gcode function is performed.

### Def. Z Offset

The default axis offset value used when the Offset Gcode function is performed.

### Options Gcode tab

#### Add Dwell Commands

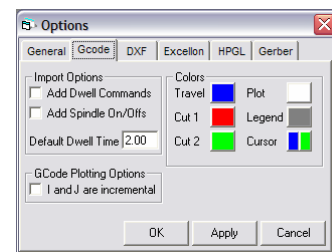
When Checked, import functions will insert dwell time and dwell execution commands into the Gcode.

#### Add Spindle On/Offs

When Checked, import functions will insert M03 and M05 commands into the Gcode to control the spindle before and after each Z axis plunge. This feature is designed for torch users to engage the torch prior to each cut.

#### Default Dwell Time

This is the dwell time parameter that importing functions use for inserting dwell instructions into the Gcode.



### I and J are Incremental

When Checked the Gcode Arc commands use the I and J values in an incremental format. This effects importing DXF, HPGL files and plotting Gcode data.

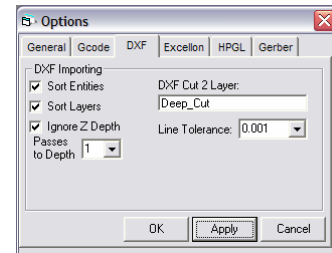
### Colors

The Plot window colors can be modified by setting the color values for the associated color boxes.

### Options DXF tab

#### Sort Entities

When Checked, Entities are sorted by position prior to generating the Gcode data during a DXF file import process. Using this feature with large files will severely increase the import time, but the Gcode will be more efficient.



#### Sort Layers

When Checked, layers are sorted alphabetically prior to generating the Gcode data during a DXF file import process.

#### Ignore Z Depth

When Checked, Z axis coordinates in the DXF file are ignored and parameters from the Table Setup are used for setting the depths. If unchecked, Z coordinates from the DXF file are used if they are present.

#### DXF Cut 2 Layer

This text parameter determines which layer is used for the Deep Cut Depth when importing DXF files. This is useful for cutting through the material on holes and borders in engraving plates.

#### Line Tolerance

This parameter joins non connected lines together during a DXF Import. Lines with adjacent end points that are closer than this parameter will be joined together. This function is useful when CAD programs used to create the DXF files do not snap the end points together, but instead leave very small gaps between lines. If this parameter is too small (.000001) it will not join lines. If it is too large(.1), it may join unwanted lines together. It is recommended that its value be small until it is needed.

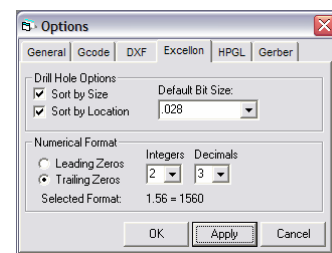
### Options Excellon tab

#### Sort by Size

When Checked, drill holes are sorted by size prior to generating the Gcode data during a Excellon file import process.

#### Sort by Location

When Checked, drill holes are sorted by position prior to generating the Gcode data during a DXF file import process.



When both size and location sorts are selected, holes will be sorted by location first and then size. Example: all .028 holes will be drilled first(sorted by location) and then the .040 holes will be drilled(sorted by location)...

#### Default Bit Size

This is the tool size that will be used if no tool sizes are available in the files tool header.

### Leading Zeros

This parameter sets the numeric format for reading the coordinates from the excellon file. When selected it will expect a leading zero format from the data coordinates.

### Trailing Zeros

This parameter sets the numeric format for reading the coordinates from the excellon file. When selected it will expect a trailing zero format from the data coordinates.

### Integers and Decimals

These two parameters set numerical format of the coordinate data from the Excellon data file. Typically Excellon files use 2:3 format which represents 2 digits for the integer portion and 3 digits for the decimal portion of the data. Leading and Trailing Zero formats work with this to assign the proper numerical format for the imported data. Check the output options in your CAD application to determine the proper settings for these parameters.

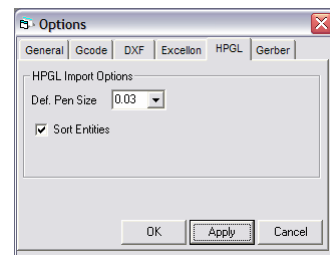
### Options HPGL tab

#### Def. Pen Size

This is the default pen size when importing a HPGL file.

#### Sort Entities

When Checked, Entities are sorted by position prior to generating the Gcode data during a HPGL file import process. Using this feature with large files will severely increase the import time, but the Gcode will be more efficient.



### Options Gerber tab

#### Cleanup Gerber Data

When selected the Gerber Import will remove redundant and overlapping objects.

#### Trace Isolation

When selected the Gerber Import will convert Gerber(RS274X) photo plot lines to grouped polygons for PCB trace milling.

#### Cleanup Lines

This option will remove some unwanted lines the polygon isolating program leaves behind. It can also reduce poly lines to single lines when the slopes match.

#### Sort Entities

When selected the Gerber Import function will sort the isolated polygons by location. This option reduces cutting time.

#### Tool Radius

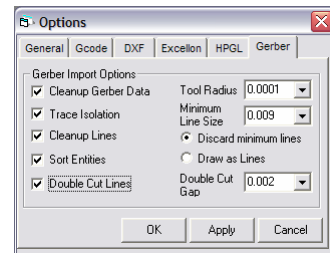
This option adds a tool radius to the Gerber polygon diameters. It can enlarge the plot entities to increase pad and line thickness. Changing this value can also reduce the isolation imperfections on some Gerber files.

#### Minimum Line Size

Line sizes the same or smaller than this parameter are processed using the following functions.

#### Discard Minimum Lines option

This option forces the isolation process to ignore objects this diameter and smaller. It





decreases import time by ignoring small entities such as text.

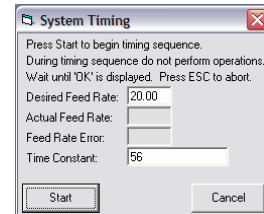
### Draw as Lines option

This option forces the isolation process convert objects this diameter and smaller to single line entities not outlined entities.

Note: Gerber(RS274X) format is the only gerber format supported. If your files do not import properly, check to ensure they have a valid aperture header.

## System Timing

This function opens the System Timing window. The System Timing window determines calibration data specific to the PC in use. This calibration data adjusts the axis velocities for accurate motion.



## Table Setup

This function opens the Table setup window. The Table setup window allows editing of CNC table parameters.

### Table Setup Parameters:

#### Units Of Measurement

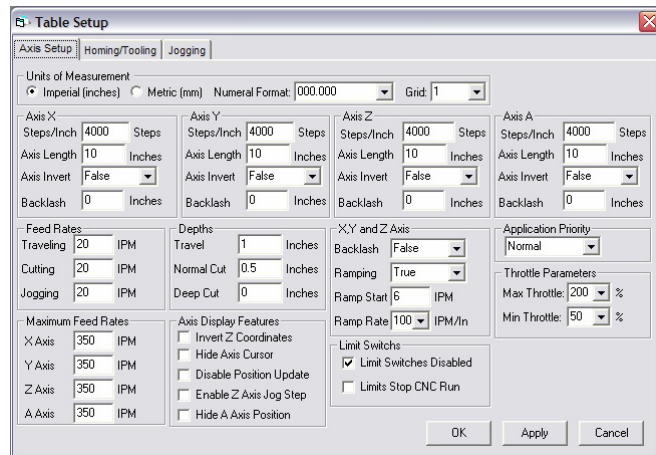
The numerical measurement type.  
Millimeters or Inches

#### Numeral Format

Pre and Post zeros used in formatting numbers in the Gcode Editor.

#### Steps/Inch or Steps/mm

The number of steps required to move an axis one inch or one millimeter.



### Axis Length

The maximum mechanical travel of an axis.

### Axis Invert

The axis direction is normal when set to False.  
The axis direction is reversed when set to True.

### Backlash

The distance necessary to overcome play or errors in the axis mechanics due to wear or looseness of components. Backlash errors are most visible when an axis changes direction.

### Travel Depth

The default Z axis depth for rapid movements. Used in engraving for rapid movements without cutting material.

### Cut Depth

The default Z axis depth for cutting. Used in engraving for cutting letters and designs.

### Aux Depth

The default Z axis depth for cutting through the material. Used in engraving for cutting holes

and borders.

### **Backlash**

When set to False, backlash compensation is not used.

When set to True, backlash compensation is used.

### **Ramping**

When set to false, the axis start and run at the specified feed rate.

When set to true, the axis start slowly, increase speed, and finish slowly.

This functions allows greater axis speeds, due to inertial limits of steppers and axis mechanics.

### **Ramp Start**

This sets the starting and ending speed of the axis if ramping is enabled. The number represents an absolute feed rate.

### **Ramp Rate**

This sets the ramp up and down time or velocity envelope. This number represents the amount of IPM change in an Inch or mm of movement.

### **Feed Rates**

These are the default feed rates for moving the axis. Travel Feed Rate is for high speed moves such as G00 commands. The Cutting Feed Rate is for G01 commands. The Jogging Feed Rate is for Jog buttons or keyboard movements.

**Note:** The Cutting Feed Rate is overridden when Gcode program feed rate commands specify the feed rate.

### **Maximum Feed Rates**

These are the maximum Feed Rates allowed per axis. These parameters are useful when certain axis are unable to operate at the same rate as the rest. For example, the Z axis may not operate as fast as the X and Y. In this case the Z axis Maximum Feed Rate would be set lower the the X and Y.

### **Invert Z Coordinates**

This reverses the Z axis coordinate system.

### **Hide Axis Cursor**

When Checked the milling cursor will not be displayed on the Plot window. This function improves the step pulse train uniformity.

### **Disable Position Update**

When Checked the axis positions will not update until the movement is complete. This function improves the step pulse train uniformity.

### **Enable Z Axis Jog Step**

When Checked the Z axis can be jogged specific distances. When unchecked the Z axis can only be jogged while the jog keys are pressed. This is a safety feature to avoid jogging the Z axis into the table when using Jog Distances.

### **Limit Switches Disabled**

When Checked the Limit Switches are not polled during operation and will not stop the Axis. It will speed up the maximum step rate. This function is useful when you do not have limit switches available or want faster step rates. When it is set or reset(changed) the System Timing function should be performed.

### **Application Priority**

These options determine how KCam operates within the Microsoft Windows environment. When normal priority is selected, KCam operates like any standard window. When high priority is selected, KCam will operate with more priority than other programs and step pulse streaming may improve. When realtime priority is selected, KCam will have much more priority than other applications or processes within Windows. Be aware that realtime mode can make KCam seem unresponsive

### Table Setup Parameters:

Table Setup		
Axis Setup		
<b>Home Position</b>		
Axis X	5	Inches
Axis Y	5	Inches
Axis Z	2	Inches
<b>Home Validation</b>		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Validate Position		
Axis X	0	0
Axis Y	0	0
Axis Z	0	0
Fast IPM	5	
Slow IPM	0.5	
<b>Re Tool Position</b>		
Axis X	3	Inches
Axis Y	2.5	Inches
Axis Z	1.25	Inches
OK Apply Cancel		

### Home Position

The position the axis will return to when the Home Button has executed. If the Home position is blank, the axis will remain in its current position for the Home function.

The Homing(without validation) axis sequence is as follows:

- Z axis moves to the Travel position
- X and Y move to their Home position
- Z moves to its Home position

### Home Validation:

Validate Position checkbox enables the home validation process.

Direction Parameters are the positions the axis will travel towards.

Target Parameters are the positions the axis will be set to.

Fast IPM is the rate the axis will find the limit switches at.

Slow IPM is the feed rate the axis will recheck the limit positions.

Home Validation is the process of resetting the position counters by finding the limit switches. When selected the axis will validate their positions using the limit switches when the Home button is pressed. Typically the Direction positions should be -1,-1,4 for the X,Y,Z axis and the Target positions are 0,0,3 for the X,Y,Z axis.

Below is an explanation of what happens during validation process using the above settings:

- 1) The "Validate Position" option must be checked.
- 2) The user presses the "Home" button in the CNC Control window.
- 3) The Z axis moves towards position 4(Direction) at the Fast IPM rate until a limit switch is found.
- 4) It taps the limit switch 3 times using the Slow IPM rate and sets the current Z position to 0(Target).
- 5) The X axis moves towards position -1(Direction) at the Fast IPM rate until a limit switch is found.
- 6) It taps the limit switch 3 times using the Slow IPM rate and sets the current X position to 0(Target).
- 7) The Y axis moves towards position -1(Direction) at the Fast IPM rate until a limit switch is

found.

- 8) It taps the limit switch 3 times using the Slow IPM rate and sets the current Y position to 0(Target).
- 9) The Z axis moves to the Home Position
- 10) The X and Y axis move towards the Home Position

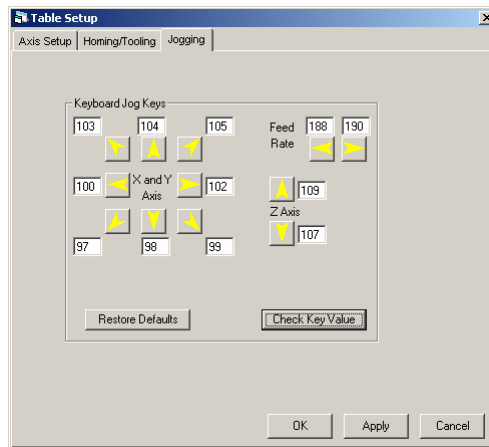
### ReTool Position

The position the axis will return to when a tool change command is executed. If the ReTool position is blank, the axis will remain in its current position for the tool change.

The ReTool axis sequence is as follows:

- Z axis moves to the Travel position
- X and Y move to their ReTool position
- Z moves to its ReTool position

### Table Setup Parameters:



### Jog Key Assignment:

The Manual Jog Keys can be reassigned for custom keyboard. To assign a new key, select an axis direction button and press the key to activate that axis direction. A Key Test window opens during the key assignment to grab the desired key press and determine its ascii value.

### Restore Defaults

This function will return the Jog Keys to the Numerical Keypad keys for jogging.

Default Keys:

Numerical Keypad Arrows move the X and Y axis. Keys 7,9,1,3 move the X and Y axis together.

The Numerical Keypad - and + keys move the Z axis up and down respectively.

The < and > keys change the feed rate.

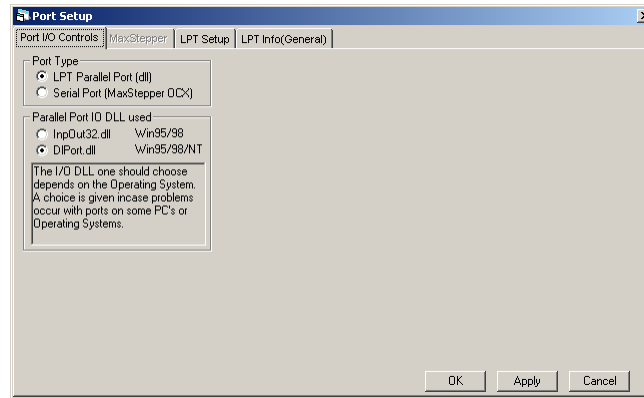
### Check Key Value

This function will open a test window that shows the ascii value of keys pressed.

## Port Setup

This function opens the port setup window. The Port setup window allows editing of the communication port parameters.

### Port I/O Controls:



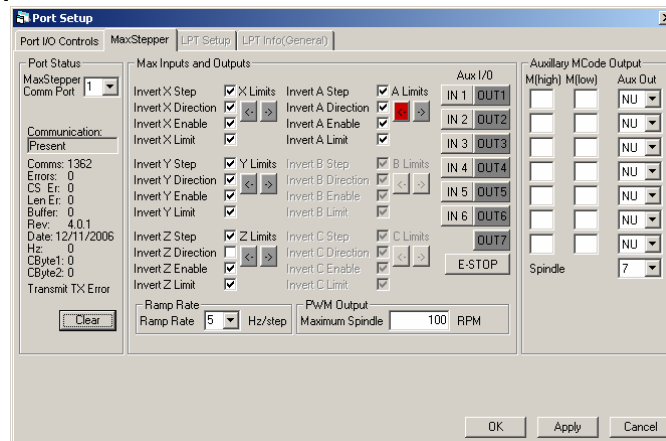
## Port Type

The Port Type selects the communication port for accessing the stepper motor controllers.

## Parallel Port I/O Dll used

The Parallel Port I/O Dll used selects to DLL windows uses to access the parallel port. Either can be used under Windows 95 and 98. If Windows NT operating system is used then DIPort.dll must be used.

## MaxStepper Setup:



## Port Status:

**MaxStepper Com Port:** Determines which serial port KCam uses to communicate with MaxStepper. The serial port choices are 1, 2, 3 or 4.

**Communication:** Displays the status of the serial connection to MaxStepper.

**Comms:** Total number of communication attempts by KCam to MaxStepper.

**Errors:** Number of erroneous communication attempts by KCam to MaxStepper.

**CS Er:** Number of CheckSum type communication errors.

**Len Er:** Number of bad length type communication errors.

**Buffer:** Number of motion command strings waiting in the command buffer.

**Rev:** Firmware revision in MaxStepper

**Date:** Date of firmware in Maxstepper

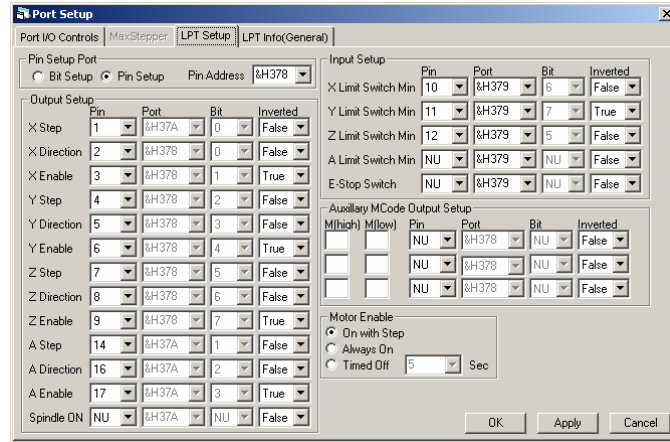
**Hz:** Current pulse rate in Hertz that Maxstepper is applying to the stepper motors.

**CByte1:** Displays the control byte for Axis X,Y,Z and A

**CByte2:** Displays the control byte for future axis.

**Status Message:** Information on Maxstepper Communication status

**LPT Setup:**



**Pin Setup Port:**

**Bit Setup**

When this option is selected, the bit setup parameters are enabled.

**Pin Setup**

When this option is selected, the pin setup parameters are enabled.

**Pin Address**

The address of the LPT port used to communicate to the stepper motor controllers for Pin Setup. The address is used to convert the Pin Setup to the more advanced Bit Setup.

**Output Setup:**

**Pin**

The pin number on the 25 pin D-Sub LPT connector used to perform the specified motor controller function.

**Port**

The port address of the bit used to access the specified controller function.

**Bit**

The Bit used to access the specified controller function.

**Inverted**

Specifies the normal state of the output pins.

**Input Setup:**

**Pin**

The pin number on the 25 pin D-Sub LPT connector used to perform the specified Limit or E-

Stop switch function.

## Port

The port address of the bit used to access the specified controller function.

## Bit

The Bit used to access the specified controller function.

## Inverted

This function inverts normal state of the bit for the controller.

## Auxiliary MCode Output Setup:

### Pin

The pin number on the 25 pin D-Sub LPT connector used to perform the specified motor controller function.

### Port

The port address of the bit used to access a user defined controller function.

### Bit

The Bit used to access the a user defined controller function.

## Motor Enable:

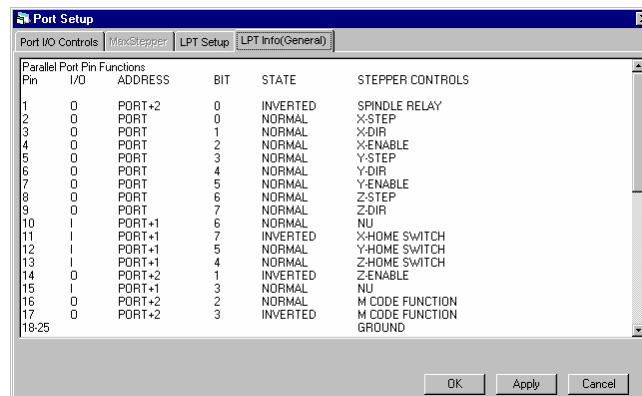
This function defines how the motor controller axis enable bits are controlled.

**On with Step** turns the enable bits on only while a stepping process is in progress.

**Always On** turns on the enable bits with the first stepping process and leaves them on until KCam is exited.

**Timed** (off delay) turns the enable bits on during stepping process and turns the bits off a specified time ( in seconds) after the last stepping process has completed.

## LPT Info:



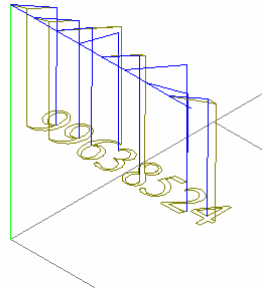
This window gives general information on the parallel port. This information can be used for determining how to connect a stepper motor controller to a PC.

## Macro Files

This function opens the Macro Files window. The Macro Files window allows editing of the macro file names and macro file numbers. Macro Files are used for sub program calls within your main gcode program to perform repetitive functions with code efficiency. Macro files are called using M98 in the gcode file. The format is M98 x, where x is the macro file number stored in the Macro File list.

### Example:

```
N001 [MACRO EXAMPLE]
N002 [DRAW THE SERIAL NUMBER 99633524]
N003 [USING MACROS]
N004 G90
N005 G00 Z1.000
N006 X0 Y0
N007 M98 9 [CALL MACRO FILE 9]
N008 X.11
N009 M98 9 [CALL MACRO FILE 9]
N010 X.11
N011 M98 6 [CALL MACRO FILE 6]
N012 X.11
N013 M98 3 [CALL MACRO FILE 3]
N014 X.11
N015 M98 8 [CALL MACRO FILE 8]
N016 X.11
N017 M98 5 [CALL MACRO FILE 5]
N018 X.11
N019 M98 2 [CALL MACRO FILE 2]
N020 X.11
N021 M98 4 [CALL MACRO FILE 4]
N022 X.11
N023 G00 X0 Y0
```



## Tool List

The Tool List allows editing of tool bit diameters. Tool bits are accessed through the Gcode by using the T command. A maximum of 200 tool sizes can be saved in each file. When Importing an Excellon file, tool diameters are automatically generated from the aperture list. Tool Offsets are also edited here. The Tool Offset function is not yet implemented.

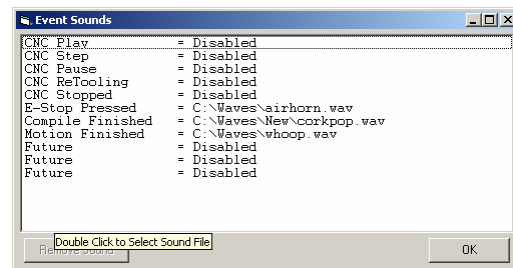
### Clear All

The Clear All button clears all the tool diameters in the list. When the tool list is cleared, the Plot window uses the Bit Radius in Options (General Tab) for displaying plot lines

Using the Load or Save buttons, different tool files can be stored and reloaded for various machine setups.

## Event Sounds:

The list shows the available events that sounds can be assigned to. To change a sound for an event, double click on the event to open a browse window for file selection. You can right click on a selected event to hear the assigned sound.

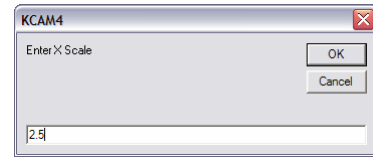




## FUNCTIONS

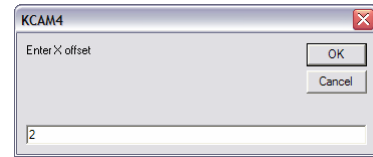
### Scale Gcode

This function scales the gcode in the editor window. A pop up entry box will appear to enter X and Y scale data. If the X or Y Scale data is blank or 0, no scaling will be performed.



### Offset Gcode

This function offsets the gcode in the editor window. A pop up entry box will appear to enter offset data for each axis. If the offset data is blank or 0, no offset will be performed for that axis.



### Convert Gcode to Absolute

This function converts the gcode in the editor window to absolute format.

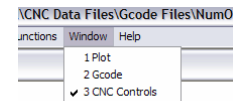
### Convert Gcode to Incremental

This function converts the gcode in the editor window to incremental format.

## WINDOW

### Window List

Displays the open child windows. If a window is underneath another, it can be brought forward by selecting it from the window list.



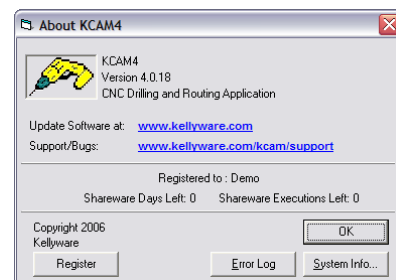
## HELP

### Help Contents

Opens the help contents file.

### About

This function opens the About window. The About window shows the software version, Registration button and System Information button.



### Registration

Registration information can be entered to allow full use of the software and remove time limits. In order to register your version of KCam you must obtain a Key Code from Kellyware.

## Supported G Codes

<b>G Code</b>	<b>Description</b>
G00	Rapid Traverse
G01	Normal Traverse
G02	CW Arc
G03	CCW Arc
G04	Execute Dwell Time
G17	XY Plane Selection
G18	XZ Plane Selection
G19	YZ Plane Selection
G40	Cancel Cutter Diameter Compensation
G41	Start Cutter Diameter Compensation Left
G42	Start Cutter Diameter Compensation Right
G45	Normal Traverse
G73	Drill Cycle
G80	End Drill Cycle
G81	Drill Cycle
G82	Drill Cycle with Dwell
G83	Drill Cycle
G90	Sets Absolute Mode
G91	Sets Incremental Mode
Pxx	Sets Dwell Time to xx
Fxx	Sets Feed Rate to xx

## Supported M Codes

<b>M Code</b>	<b>Description</b>
M00	Program Stop
M01	Optional Program Stop
M02	Program End
M03	Engage Spindle Relay
M04	Engage Spindle Relay
M05	Disengage Spindle Relay
M06	Tool Change
M07	Mist Coolant On
M08	Flood Coolant On
M09	Mist and Flood Coolant On
M13	Engage Spindle and Coolant
M30	Program End and Reset
M60	Program Stop
M98	Call Macro subroutine

## User Defined M codes

Mxx	Engage user defined output
Mxx	Disengage user defined output
Mxx	Engage user defined output
Mxx	Disengage user defined output
Mxx	Engage user defined output
Mxx	Disengage user defined output

xx is the number given by the user

## Supported DXF version R12 Formats

Entity	Description
Line	Single Line X1,Y1,Z1 TO X2,Y2,Z2
Poly line	Multiple Line X1,Y1,Z1 to following vertexes
Vertex	Multiple Line to X2,Y2,Z2
Point	Single Point X1,Y1,Z1
Arc	CCW Arc Entity
Circle	Full Circle Entity

### Note:

Text items do not import. TurboCAD v5.0 and v6.0 have a text property call FLEXIBLE which will convert the text entity into polylines.

## Hardware Connections

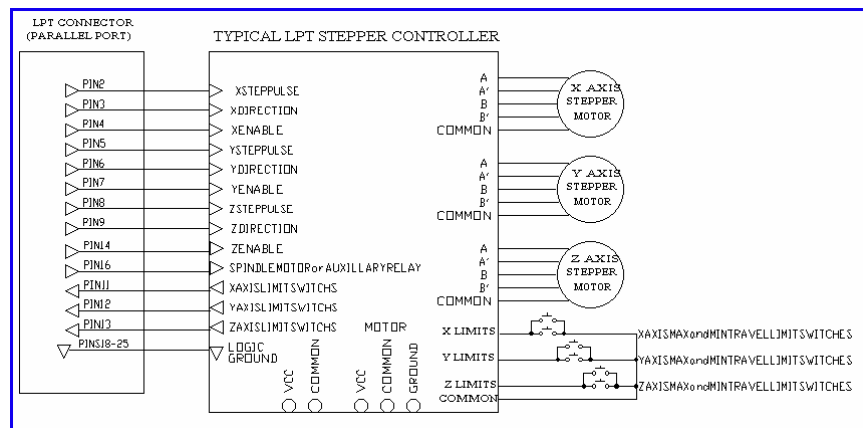
KCam has two motor control port options, Parallel and Serial. In Parallel Port mode KCam requires step and direction motor drivers. In order to get movements from the PC to the CNC table KCam pulses or changes the state of pins on the parallel port on your PC. In Serial Port mode the MaxStepper needs to be connected to the serial port and step and direction motor drivers to MaxStepper.

### Parallel Mode Information:

Each motor controller needs to have a Step input connected to a Pin on the parallel port. This input on the controller advances(rotates) the stepper motor when pulsed. A Direction input is also required to tell the controller which direction to move when the step input is pulsed. An Enable input is used to tell the controller to apply current to the motor. The Enable function is optional and some controller don't use it. If you have a controller that has an Enable input, you should use it. It will shutdown the motors when they are not in use and protect them from overheating.

Parallel port mode can be used with port cards other than just a parallel port. The Parallel Port Setup allows Bit Mode for assigning access for the step and direction addresses in a unique card. Each brand of I/O Card has different port addressing schemes and correct settings in KCam must be determined by the end user using documentation for the card.

Typical Parallel Port Connections



## Glossary

Axis

Backlash

CNC

Ramp Rate

IPM

An **Axis** is a motorized portion of a machine.

**Backlash** is the play in the threads between the drive nut and threaded rod on an axis. This play causes a loss of distance in a movement when the direction changes.

**CNC** is the abbreviation of Computer Numerical Control. Or simplified its the computer control of machines.

The **Ramp Rate** is the acceleration and deceleration rate of the stepping velocity. Its value is given in change of IPM per Inch.

**IPM** is the measurement of velocity or speed for an axis. It is the abbreviation of Inches Per Minute which is a rate of movement.

## Registering KCam

To register your copy of KCam please visit our web site [www.kellyware.com](http://www.kellyware.com) for details.

To obtain your registration code, open [http://www.kellyware.com/kcam/kcam\\_registration.htm](http://www.kellyware.com/kcam/kcam_registration.htm) in an internet browser. Click on the "PayPal Buy Now" button. You can enter your credit card information and a VALID email address. Please make sure your Email Address is correct. Once Kellyware has received notice of your payment a personal registration code will be generated and sent to the email address given to PayPal. You need to enter the user name and registration code into KCam's Registration form. You can find this form by clicking on "Help/About/Registration". Your registration code will be sent to you in about 1 to 3 business days. Registration responses times may vary.

Note:

If PayPal does not support your country, you can try a nearby country or mail payment to Kellyware. Details on sending payment are available at [http://www.kellyware.com/kcam/kcam\\_registration.htm](http://www.kellyware.com/kcam/kcam_registration.htm).

## Shareware

KCam is shareware until a valid registration code is entered. Until KCam is registered, a user has a 60 day or 60 execution trial period until the software becomes limited. During the trial period KCam has no limitations. After the trial period has finished, some functions are disabled or limited.

After Trial Limitations include:

Gcode saving is disabled

Gcode lines are limited to 500

Gerber Isolation lines are limited to 100